

Why we need User Behavior Insights

MICES, Berlin June 2024

Stavros Macrakis & Charlie Hull

© 2023, Amazon Web Services, Inc. or its affiliates. All rights reserved. Amazon Confidential and Trademark.



Who are we?

- Stavros Macrakis, Senior Technical Product Manager for the
 OpenSearch Project, focusing on document and e-commerce search.
- Worked on search at Lycos, FAST, GLG, Google, and AWS for almost 20 years and is passionate about search relevance.



- Charlie Hull, UK Director & Marketing Director at
 SuperSource
 Connections
- 25 years in search as a project lead, manager, trainer, speaker, blogger
- Past lives included electronic engineering & circus performer







We've helped clients around the globe to get good search & AI done: whether they are stuck with search & AI or whether they want to get their search & AI to the next level.

Our focus areas:

- Understand & Delight Your Users
- Expert Search & AI Engineering
- Build Powerful People and Process

What we offer:

- Consulting
- Training
- Specialist Staffing



What is OpenSearch?

Open source search and analytics suite used by thousands of companies worldwide

Applications:

- E-commerce search
- Document search
- Log analytics

Features:

- Apache 2.0 license
- Fork of Elastic 7.10
- AWS hosted service available



All search needs behavioral data





Search data for e-commerce

- Standard today
 - Aggregated metrics
 - Page flow
 - Abandonment
 - Click frequency
 - Sales
- But how can we tune search results for e-commerce?
 - Granular data for analysis
 - What searches lead to sales?
 - What is the user journey?
 - What sequence of searches do users use?
 - Which facets are most useful?



Every corpus and ever user population is different

Looking for items, not documents (heavy on structured data)

- E-commerce search and recommendations: looking for a thing to buy
 - Real estate
 - Books
 - Plumbing parts
 - Electronics
 - Media movies, TV, ...
 - Availability constraints: hotel rooms, flights, fractional jets, ...
 - Geographic constraints: ride share, repair services, maid services, ...
- Job search; placements
- Expert search
- Photos by description or by similarity; SmugMug very different from ShutterStock

... and various kinds of text-heavy search

- Document search and recommendations (heavy on text)
 - Academic documents
 - News
 - Intranet, highly heterogenous, inconsistent formats
 - Knowledge management
 - Legal and regulatory, both high-precision (relevant regulation) and high-recall (discovery)
 - FAQs, call centers, troubleshooting
- Embedded

aws

- · Company search within a financial services app
- · Person search within email
- © 2023, Amazon Web Services, Inc. or its affiliates. All rights reserved. Amazon Confidential and Trademark.

Search

Relevance ranking



E-commerce search

Relevance ranking + merchandising



User Behavior Insights (UBI)

Goal: Collect all information needed for evaluating search at high granularity

- What did the user search for?
- Were the results reasonable?
- How did they refine the search modified query, facets?
- What search or sequence of searches led to a purchase of the pink Pet Rock with Overalls?
- What did they click on? ... other actions... view details, add to basket, checkout basket
- How are actions related *causally*, not chronologically?



What *should* all search implementations do?

Berlin Buzzwords 2022

- Log search actions
- Understand application data
- Evaluate quality of results
- Talk to users and sponsors
- Regression testing
- Performance testing
- Multilingual coverage
- Privacy

Customer

- Search specialist engineers
 - Search is a *discipline*
- Logging
- Quality evaluation
- Incorporating multiple signals
- Tuning



What *should* all search implementations do, but *don't*?

Berlin Buzzwords 2022 gaps

- Log search actions
- Understand application data
- Evaluate quality of results
- Talk to users and sponsors
- Regression testing
- Performance testing
- Multilingual coverage
- Privacy

Customer gaps

- Search specialist engineers
 - Search is a *discipline*
- Logging
- Quality evaluation
- Incorporating multiple signals
- Tuning



Calculating search results: search processing

- Lexical (TF/IDF, BM25)
- Semantic vector
- Sparse neural ≈ Splade
- Hybrid semantic, sparse, lexical
- RAG summarization
- Pipeline processor
 - Reranking (LLM or other)
 - Query rewriting (Querqy or other)



The virtuous circle of search relevance

Search processing

- Lexical (TF/IDF, BM25)
- Semantic vector
- Sparse neural ≈ Splade
- Hybrid semantic, sparse, lexical
- RAG summarization
- Pipeline processor
 - Reranking (LLM or other)
 - Query rewriting (Querqy or other)

Measurement and analysis

- End-to-end search behavior (UBI)
- Online evaluation tools
- A/B testing
- Creation of judgment sets
- Offline evaluation tools
- Metrics



Search tuning

- Search configurations
- Regression evaluation
- Manual tuning, Bayesian optimization
- Semantic model fine-tuning
- Learning to Rank

The virtuous circle of search relevance

Search processing

- Lexical (TF/IDF, BM25)
- Semantic vector
- Sparse neural ≈ Splade
- Hybrid semantic, sparse, lexical
- RAG summarization
- Pipeline processor
 - Reranking (LLM or other)
 - Query rewriting (Querqy or other)

Measurement and analysis

End-to-end search behavior (UBI)

- Online evaluation tools
- A/B testing
- Creation of judgment sets
- Offline evaluation tools
- Metrics



Search tuning

- Search configurations
- Regression evaluation
- Manual tuning, Bayesian optimization
- Semantic model fine-tuning
- Learning to Rank

The virtuous circle of search relevance

Search processing

- Lexical (TF/IDF, BM25)
- Semantic vector
- Sparse neural ≈ Splade
- Hybrid semantic, sparse, lexical
- RAG summarization
- Pipeline processor
 - Reranking (LLM or other)
 - Query rewriting (Querqy or other)

Measurement and analysis

- End-to-end search behavior (UBI)
- Online evaluation tools
- A/B testing
- Creation of judgment sets
- Offline evaluation tools
- Metrics



Search tuning

- Search configurations
- Regression evaluation
- Manual tuning, Bayesian optimization
- Semantic model fine-tuning
- Learning to Rank

aws

How to choose a retrieval technique?

- Lexical search
- Semantic vector search
- Customization, personalization
- Neural sparse retrieval (similar to SPLADE)
- Image
- Hybrid search: lexical, semantic, multimodal



Priorities

- 1. Standardizing the schema
- 2. Collecting end-to-end search behavior events
- 3. Analyzing and displaying



Principles

- Full data available for analysis
- All data under customer control
- Extensible
- Search engine and data store agnostic
- Collection of PII under customer control
- Secure
- Near real-time



Search tuning with data

- Manual tuning
- Bayesian/grid parameter optimization
- Semantic model fine-tuning
- Learning to Rank
- Combining lexical and neural/vector rankings

Applications

- Analysis of customer journeys
- Dashboarding of KPIs, anomaly detection
- Investigation by relevance engineers, data scientists, and merchandisers
- Collecting judgment data for offline evaluation
- Debugging
- Tuning of typeahead
- Real-time feedback to relevance calculation
- Input to machine learning models (Bayesian optimization, Personalize, Learning to Rank, ...)



The User Behavior Insights project

- Discussion at Haystack/MICES 2022
- OpenSearch RFC 4619 (9/2022); RFC 12084 (1/2024, updated 4/2024)
- Community debated names
- Frequent presentations and discussion at OpenSearch community meetings
- All work done in the open on github
- Apache 2.0 license

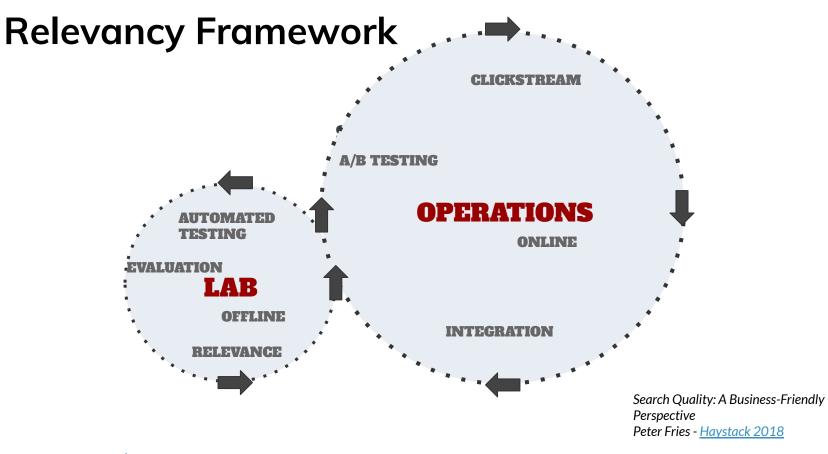




Why are we so excited about UBI?

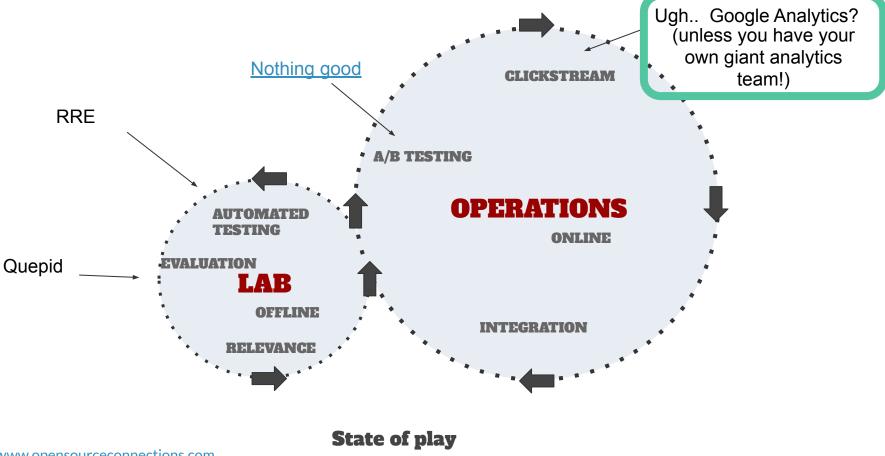
<u>www.opensourceconnections.com</u>



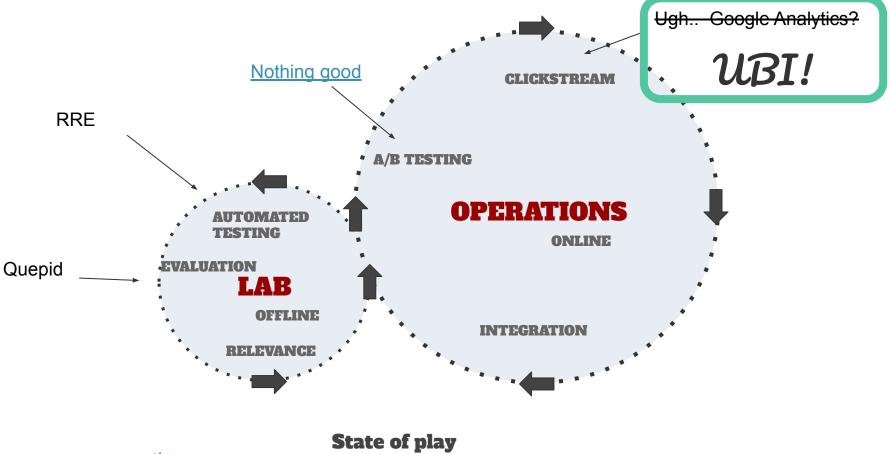


www.opensourceconnections.com











- 1. A shared schema for
 - a. defining what the user is asking for (Query)
 - b. Defining what documents/objects/records/answers the user is receiving back.
 - c. Defining how we track and organize the resulting Events and make the causal connections between the Query and the follow on actions (click through, add to cart, etc)



- 1. A shared schema for
 - a. defining what the user is asking for (Query)
 - b. Defining what documents/objects/records/answers the user is receiving back.
 - c. Defining how we track and organize the resulting Events and make the causal connections between the Query and the follow on actions (click through, add to cart, etc)
- 2. Code for collecting specific search related events by users (often JavaScript)



- 1. A shared schema for
 - a. defining what the user is asking for (Query)
 - b. Defining what documents/objects/records/answers the user is receiving back.
 - c. Defining how we track and organize the resulting Events and make the causal connections between the Query and the follow on actions (click through, add to cart, etc)
- 2. Code for collecting specific search related events by users (often JavaScript)
- 3. An implementation in OpenSearch (and Solr!) to facilitate this process



1. A shared schema for

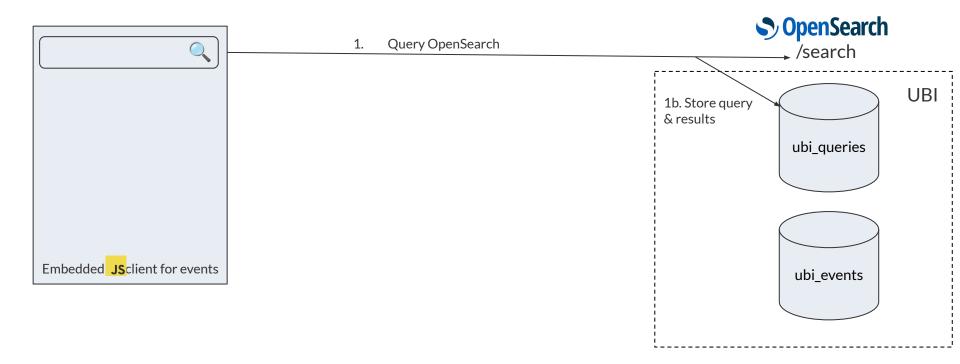
- a. defining what the user is asking for (Query)
- b. Defining what documents/objects/records/answers the user is receiving back.
- c. Defining how we track and organize the resulting Events and make the causal connections between the Query and the follow on actions (click through, add to cart, etc)
- 2. Code for collecting specific search related events by users (often JavaScript)
- 3. An implementation in OpenSearch (and Solr!) to facilitate this process



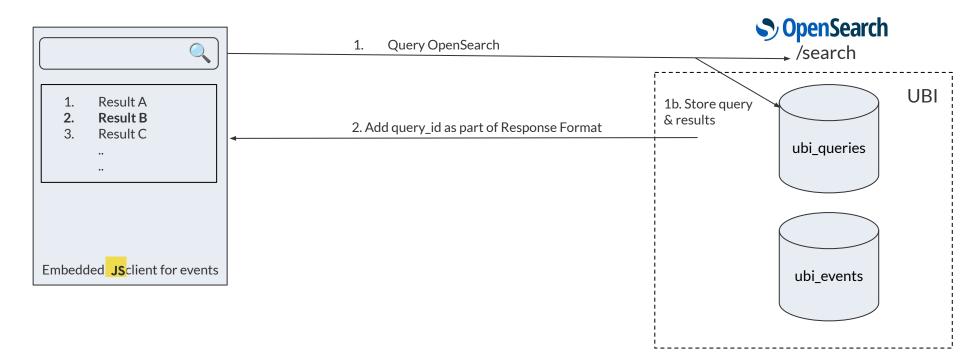


www.opensourceconnections.com

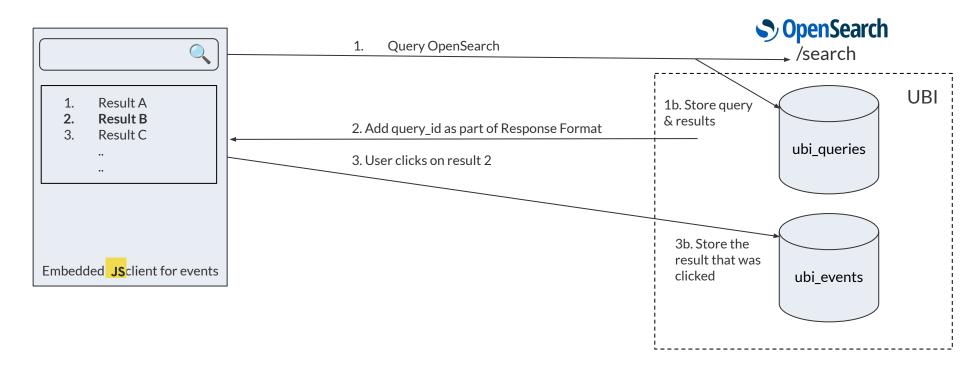




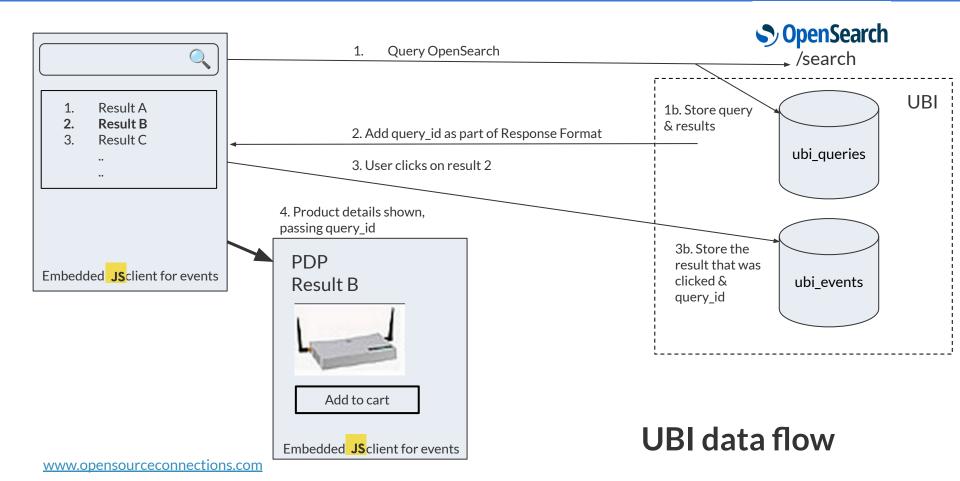




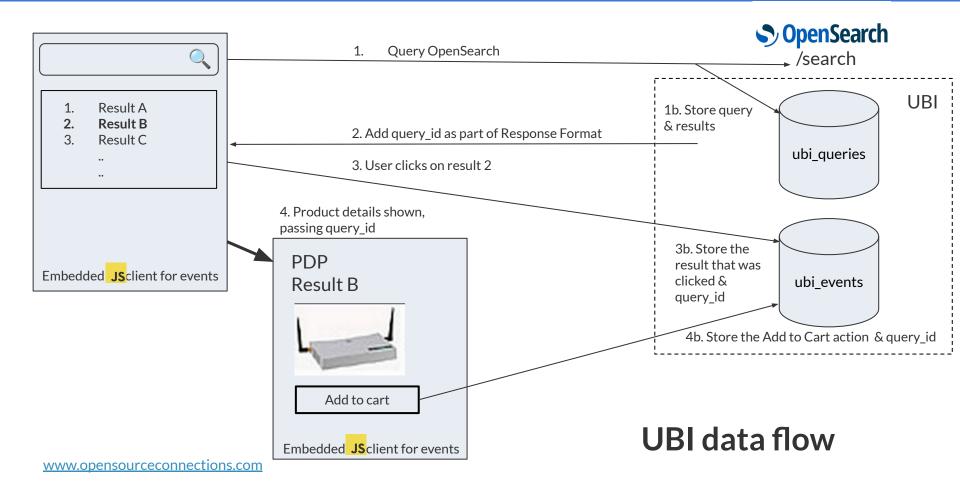




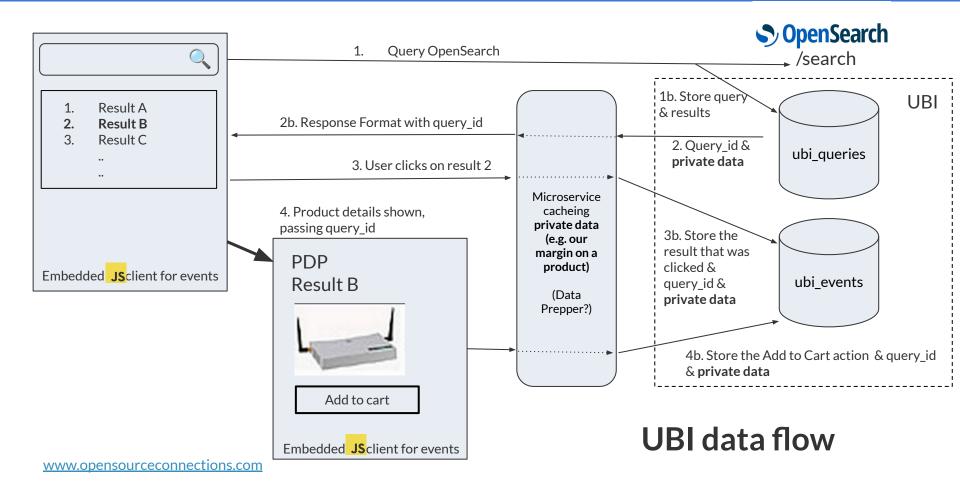




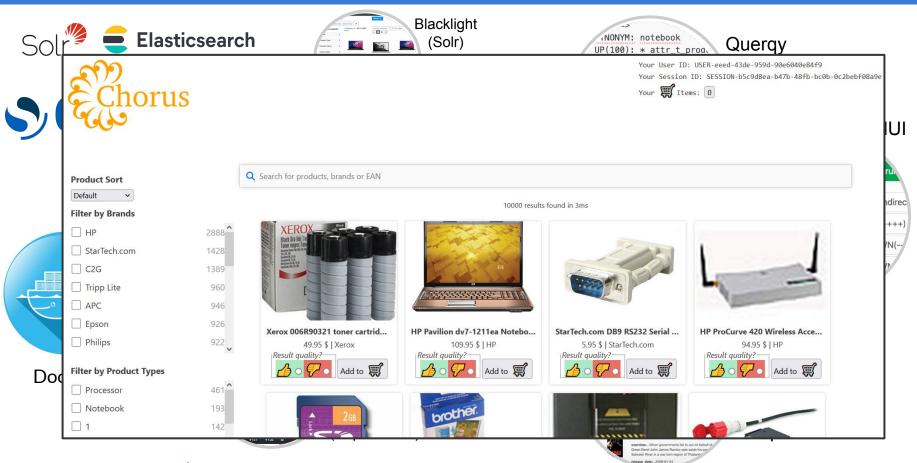












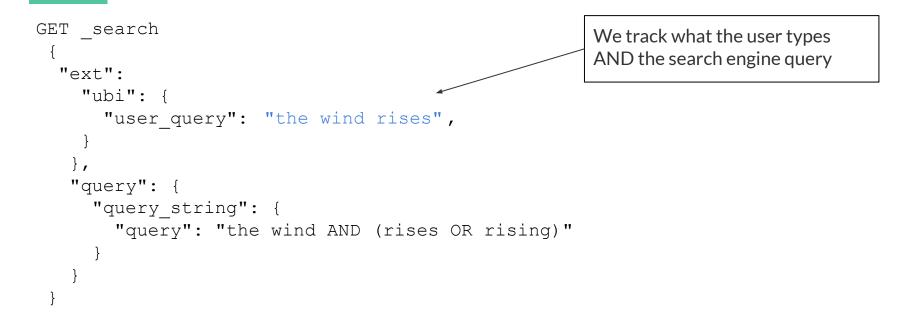
www.opensourceconnections.com



Let's watch it working on Chorus Electronics...

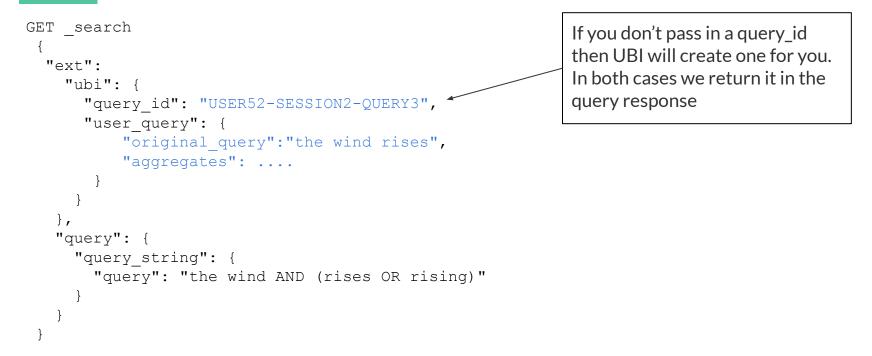


Enabling UBI logging per query





Passing in our own explicit query_id







www.opensourceconnections.com



Docs

Sample client data structures

The client data structures can be used to create events that follow the UBI event schema specification, which is described in further detail here.

The developer provides an implementation for the following functions:

- getClientId()
- getQueryId()

Optionally:

- getSessionId()
- getPageId()

* Ubi Event data structures

* The following structures help ensure adherence to the UBI event schema

export class UbiEventData {
constructor(object_type, id=null, description=null, details=null) {
 this.object_id_field = object_type;
this.object_id = id;
this.description = description;
this.object_detail = details;

D

www.opensourceconnections.com



Now we know what you're thinking about a 'standard' schema....

HOW STANDARDS PROLIFERATE: (SEE: A/C CHARGERS, CHARACTER ENCODINGS, INSTANT MESSAGING, ETC.)

SITUATION: THERE ARE 14 COMPETING STANDARDS.

14?! RIDICULOUS! WE NEED TO DEVELOP ONE UNIVERSAL STANDARD THAT COVERS EVERYONE'S USE CASES. YEAH!



SITUATION: THERE ARE 15 COMPETING STANDARDS.

https://xkcd.com/927/

HOW STANDARDS PROLIFERATE: (SEE: A/C CHARGERS, CHARACTER ENCODINGS, INSTANT MESSAGING, ETC.)

SITUATION: THERE ARE O COMPETING STANDARDS.

14?! RIDICULOUS! WE NEED TO DEVELOP ONE UNIVERSAL STANDARD THAT COVERS EVERYONE'S USE CASES. YEAH!



SITUATION: THERE ARE 1 Cooperating STANDARDS.

https://xkcd.com/927/



The schema, docs & code

- 1.0 release is now available
- We want this to be as widely adopted as possible in the community every engine, every search! Can you help?
- <u>https://github.com/opensearch-project/user-behavior-insights</u>
 - Live as of today!
 - Builds for v2.14.0 and upcoming v2.15.0 of OpenSearch
- OpenSearch RFC for this work:

https://github.com/opensearch-project/OpenSearch/issues/12084

- Original pull request for UBI:
- <u>https://github.com/opensearch-project/OpenSearch/pull/13546</u>
- Chorus w/ UBI: <u>https://github.com/o19s/chorus-opensearch-edition/</u>
- Online Demo: <u>http://chorus-opensearch-edition.dev.o19s.com:4000/</u> and <u>http://chorus-opensearch-edition.dev.o19s.com:5601</u>



We need your input! C Just a few questions I promise! <u>https://forms.gle/7jdnLMJdxqY5j4qb8</u>

Section 1 of 3 SURVEY: User Behaviour Insights * : Form description Do you efficiently track and analyze all documents or items returned for each user query?* O Poor O Fair O Good Excellent How clearly defined, explicit, and shareable is your event schema?* O Poor O Fair O Good Excellent

Stavros Macrakis <u>macrakis@amazon.com</u>



Eric Pugh (leading from OSC) epugh@opensourceconnections.com

Github OS 2.14, 2.15: <u>https://github.com/opensearch-project/user-behavior-insights</u>

